




## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 Product identifier:** EX014PR0018 - MTN PRO Rust converter
- Other means of identification:**  
Non-applicable
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses: Spray paint  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of manufacturer or importer:**  
MONTANA COLORS, S.L.  
Pol. Ind. Pla de les Vives C/ Anaïs Nin 6  
08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet - Barcelona - España  
Phone: +34 938332760 (9:00- 16:00h GMT +1:00)  
msds@montanacolors.com  
<https://www.montanacolors.com>
- DETAILS OF MANUFACTURER OR IMPORTER:  
MONTANA COLORS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD.  
Unit 3C, 430 Marion Street, Bankstown Airport, NSW 2200, AUSTRALIA  
Phone: +61 (0) 295505997  
Electronic address:  
e-mail: [australia@montanacolors.com](mailto:australia@montanacolors.com)
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** +61 (0) 295505997 (9:00-17:00 h.) (working hours)

## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the hazardous chemical:**
- WHS:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with Model Work Health and Safety Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2022  
Aerosol 1: Pressurised container: May burst if heated., H229  
Aerosol 1: Aerosols, Category 1, H222  
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318  
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315  
Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317  
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336
- 2.2 Label elements, including precautionary statements:**
- WHS:**  
**Danger**
- 
- Hazard statements:**  
H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H229 - Pressurised container: May burst if heated.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Precautionary statements:**

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## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102: Keep out of reach of children.  
P103: Read label before use.  
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.  
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.  
P501: Dispose of contents and / or their container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality.

### Substances that contribute to the classification

acetone (10 - <30 %); Butanone (10 - <30 %); N-butyl acetate (<10 %); butan-1-ol (<10 %)

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Non-applicable

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE 8

### 3.1 Substances:










Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures:

**Chemical description:** Aerosol

### Components:

In accordance with Schedule 8 (WHS Regulations), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 115-10-6	<b>Dimethyl ether</b> Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	 30 - <60 %
CAS: 67-64-1	<b>acetone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; AUH066 - Danger	 10 - <30 %
CAS: 78-93-3	<b>Butanone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; AUH066 - Danger	 10 - <30 %
CAS: 123-86-4	<b>N-butyl acetate</b> Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; AUH066 - Warning	 <10 %
CAS: 71-36-3	<b>butan-1-ol</b> Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	 <10 %
CAS: 107-98-2	<b>1-methoxy-2-propanol</b> Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	 <10 %
CAS: 25036-25-3	<b>Epichlorohydrin/Bisphenol-A epoxy resin (700 &lt; MW &lt; 1100)</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	 <10 %
CAS: 1401-55-4	<b>Tannins</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Warning	 <10 %
CAS: 64-17-5	<b>ethanol</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	 <10 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of necessary first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

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#### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

**4.2 Symptoms caused by exposure:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Medical attention and special treatment:**

Non-applicable

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

**5.1 Suitable extinguishing equipment:**

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

**5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:**

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

**5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters:**

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

**Additional provisions:**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

**For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

**For emergency responders:**

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:**

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C  
Maximum Temp.: 50 °C  
Maximum time: 120 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Exposure control measures:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants 01/10/2022:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6	TWA	400 ppm	760 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	500 ppm	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	TWA	150 ppm	713 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	TWA	150 ppm	445 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	300 ppm	890 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm	1185 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	1000 ppm	2375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2	TWA	100 ppm	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	150 ppm	553 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	TWA	50 ppm	152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		
Xylene	TWA	80 ppm	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants 01/10/2022:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	125 ppm	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Phosphoric acid CAS: 7664-38-2	TWA		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	TWA	1000 ppm	1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		


**8.2 Engineering controls:**

A.- Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)


As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Bodily protection



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	Limited protection against flames.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 20 °C: Aerosol  
 Appearance: Not available  
 Color: Colourless  
 Odor: Not available  
 Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

**Volatility:**

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: -25 °C (Propellant)  
 Vapour pressure at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Vapour pressure at 50 °C: <300000 Pa (300 kPa)  
 Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:**

Density at 20 °C: 802 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Relative density at 20 °C: 0.802  
 Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Concentration: Non-applicable \*  
 pH: Non-applicable \*  
 Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*  
 Solubility properties: Non-applicable \*  
 Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \*  
 Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \*  
 Recipient pressure: Non-applicable \*

**Flammability:**

Flash Point: -41 °C (Propellant)  
 Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*  
 Autoignition temperature: 240 °C (Propellant)  
 Lower flammability limit: Non-applicable \*  
 Upper flammability limit: Non-applicable \*

**Particle characteristics:**

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

### 9.2 Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties: Non-applicable \*

Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

Corrosive to metals: Non-applicable \*

Heat of combustion: Non-applicable \*

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Non-applicable \*

#### Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Refraction index: Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.  
IARC: Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); ethanol (1); Tannins (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:
 

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:
 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

Non-applicable

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	308.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	LD50 oral	800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	3430 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	24.66 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Epichlorohydrin/Bisphenol-A epoxy resin (700 < MW < 1100) CAS: 25036-25-3	>5000 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	LD50 oral	6200 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	124.7 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Tannins CAS: 1401-55-4	LD50 oral	3000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	8800 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	LC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2	LC50	20800 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	23300 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	1000 mg/L (168 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	LC50	11000 mg/L (96 h)	Alburnus alburnus	Fish
	EC50	9268 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	1450 mg/L (192 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC	NOEC		
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	2212 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	NOEC	4.1 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	NOEC	250 mg/L	Danio rerio	Fish
	NOEC	2 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	BOD5	COD	Concentration	Period
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	96 %

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	BOD5	1.71 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
	COD	2.46 g O2/g	Period	19 days
	BOD5/COD	0.7	% Biodegradable	98 %
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	89 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	Parameter	Value
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BCF	1
	Pow Log	-0.24
	Potential	Low
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.29
	Potential	Low
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	BCF	1
	Pow Log	0.88
	Potential	Low
1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.44
	Potential	Low
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.31
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
	Parameter	Value	Parameter	Value
Dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	1.136E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	Koc	1	Henry	2.93 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.304E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	Koc	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
butan-1-ol CAS: 71-36-3	Koc	2.44	Henry	5.39E-2 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
ethanol CAS: 64-17-5	Koc	1	Henry	4.61E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.339E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Disposal methods:

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See epigraph 6.2.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

Hazardous Waste (Regulation of Exports and Imports) Act 1989 and Amendments

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADG Code:



<b>14.1 UN number:</b>	UN1950
<b>14.2 Proper shipping name or Technical Name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class:</b>	2
Labels:	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing Group:</b>	N/A
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards for Transport Purposes:</b>	No
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b>	Non-applicable

### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 40-20:

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**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)**



<b>14.1 UN number:</b>	UN1950
<b>14.2 Proper shipping name or Technical Name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class:</b>	2
Labels:	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing Group:</b>	N/A
<b>14.5 Marine pollutant:</b>	No
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Special regulations:	63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344
EmS Codes:	F-D, S-U
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
Limited quantities:	1 L
Segregation group:	Non-applicable
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b>	Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by air:**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2023:



<b>14.1 UN number:</b>	UN1950
<b>14.2 Proper shipping name or Technical Name:</b>	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class:</b>	2
Labels:	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing Group:</b>	N/A
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards for Transport Purposes:</b>	No
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:</b>	Non-applicable

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations:**

**Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

**Industrial Chemicals Act 2019:**

Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with WHS regulations and Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
- H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### WHS:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas.  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/>

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon  
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current Australian legislation, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET